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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/769,432	01/26/2001	Tetsuo Masubuchi	0649-0771P	5407		
2292	7590 04/19/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER		
BIRCH STE	EWART KOLASCH &	SHORT, PA	SHORT, PATRICIA A			
PO BOX 747	RCH, VA 22040-0747		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
PALES CHORCH, VII 220 10 VIII			1712	,		
			DATE MAILED: 04/19/200	4		

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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application	n No.	Applicant(s)	\sim	4		
Office Action Summary		09/769,43	2	MASUBUCHI ET AL	- .			
		Examiner	<u></u>	Art Unit				
		Patricia A.		1712				
Period fo	- The MAILING DATE of this commu r Reply	nication appears on the	cover sheet with the o	correspondence addi	ress			
A SHO THE N - Exten after: - If the - If NO - Failur Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN sions of time may be available under the provision SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this com period for reply specified above is less than thirty (period for reply is specified above, the maximum s e to reply within the set or extended period for repl eply received by the Office later than three months d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	IICATION. s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no eve munication. 30) days, a reply within the statu tatutory period will apply and wi y will. by statute. cause the appl	nt, however, may a reply be tir tory minimum of thirty (30) day I expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cation to become ABANDONE	nely filed ys will be considered timely. n the mailing date of this corr ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nmunication.			
Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) fil	ed on <u>15 March 2004</u> .						
·	•	2b)⊠ This action is n	on-final.		•			
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)⊠ 5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-8 and 11</u> is/are pending 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-6 and 11</u> is/are rejected Claim(s) <u>7 and 8</u> is/are objected to Claim(s) are subject to restr	are withdrawn from co						
Applicati	on Papers							
9) 🗌	The specification is objected to by t	he Examiner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
111	Replacement drawing sheet(s) includir The oath or declaration is objected							
•		о ру ше с ланинен. М	no allaonea Omb	o , totion of formit TV	. 102.			
•	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a clain All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priorit 2. Certified copies of the priorit 3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internations and Copies attached detailed Office actions.	y documents have bee y documents have bee s of the priority docume ional Bureau (PCT Rul	n received. n received in Applica ents have been receiv e 17.2(a)).	tion No ved in this National S	Stage			
Attachmen				(DTO 445)				
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review	(PTO-948)	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail [y (PTO-413) Date				
3) 🔲 Infori	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or r No(s)/Mail Date			Patent Application (PTO-	-152)			

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This Office Action is in response to an RCE filed March 15, 2004. The amendment filed February 17, 2004 under 37 CFR 1.116 has been entered.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-6 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Imai (5,216,074). The reference teaches thermoplastic elastomer compositions that comprise hydrogenated block copolymer having a polybutadiene block and a block that can be a styrene/butadiene copolymer, modified olefin having an epoxy group and a polyester elastomer. The compositions optionally contain an additional rubbery compound that can be an olefin based thermoplastic elastomer. See col. 19, line 7 through col. 20, line 26 and Example 30 in Table 6. Use of a hydrogenated block copolymer that contains styrene is anticipated by or would have been obvious over the teachings of the reference. Additionally, the olefin based thermoplastic elastomer encompasses the EPDM used in Example 30.

Applicant argues that the reference teaches away from the use of SBS block copolymer. However, it is not clear that the language styrene-butadiene block copolymer excludes a block copolymer having a styrene-butadiene block and a butadiene block as taught by Imai, i.e. the claims do exclude the use of comonomers to form the styrene block. Applicant further argues that the language "consisting essentially of" with respect to the copolymer of ethylene and propylene excludes the EPDM used by Imai. The EPDM used in Example 30 of the reference is

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EP98A (see Table 4 footnote 26). As evidenced by U.S. 2002/0177659 (cited below), EP98A is an ethylene-propylene-5-ethylidene norbornene copolymer rubber, a copolymer consisting essentially of ethylene and propylene. As disclosed at page 27, second paragraph, of the specification, olefin elastomer for use in the invention includes ethylene-propylene-5-ethylidene norbornene copolymer. Thus, it does not appear that 5-ethylidene norbornene affects the novel and basic characteristics of the invention and therefore, is not excluded by the language "consisting essentially of".

Additionally, Example 30 discloses a combination of polyester elastomer, polyolefin modified with an epoxy and EPDM, an olefin elastomer, that is a preferred combination for component B used in the Elastomer Composition VIII discussed at columns 19 and 20. As ethylene/propylene rubber is a common olefin elastomer and, as disclosed at col. 12, lines 14-17 of Imai, is equivalent to ethylene/propylene/diene rubber (EPDM) for use in the reference compositions, it would have been obvious to substitute ethylene/propylene rubber for the EPDM used in Example 30 of the reference with the expectation of obtaining a thermoplastic elastomer composition having similar properties.

Claims 7 and 8 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

U.S. 2002/01776599 cited as evidence that EP98A is an ethylene-propylene-5-ethylidene norbornene copolymer rubber. See paragraph 0048.

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April 14, 2004

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